

Xmas Presents
We have them for
FATHER,
MOTHER
SISTER,
BROTHER
and for all the others
STRATHMORE HARDWARE

THE STRATHMORE STANDARD AND BOW VALLEY

Xmas Presents
Shaving Sets, Carvers,
Silverware, Cut Glass,
Sewing & Tailor's Sets
Aluminum Ware, Cutlery,
Fancy Table Lamps,
Gasoline Lamps, Footwarmers,
Etc. Etc.
STRATHMORE HARDWARE

VOL. V., NO. 12

STRATHMORE ALBERTA, DECEMBER 20, 1913.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year

SANTA CLAUS HAS GOT HIS



Have You Bought Your Christmas Presents?

If not, buy them now. Every day you delay means just that much more hurry when you go to make your selection.

BUY YOUR PRESENTS TODAY.

Where To Buy Your Xmas Presents

J. W. ESSON
Jewelry of all kinds.
WRIGHT BROS.
Suitable gifts for husband, father, sweetheart, or brother. Everything for men.
WHITE & MAY CO.
All kinds of goods for Christmas and the year round.
THOS. H. EVES
Leather goods suitable for gifts.
C. W. CHASE
Hardware Specialties
W. E. BROWN
Furniture, Hardware, Etc.
STRATHMORE HARDWARE
Hardware, Cutlery, Etc.
A. W. MILLER
Books, Jewellery, Christmas Cards, Novelties
STRATHMORE TRADING CO.
General Supplies, Groceries, China, Toys for Children, Etc.
PIONEER MEAT MARKET
Turkeys, Roasts, etc., for the Christmas Dinner
J. SAUNDERS
Everything in leather goods
STANDARD PRINTING OFFICE
Private Greeting Cards, Invitation Cards, Etc.
MARTIN & EVANS
Model Bakers, Candy, Cakes, Snappers' Supplies, Etc.
Before doing your Christmas Shopping read the advertising columns of the Standard. They will assist you materially in choosing suitable goods.

Do Your Christmas Shopping Early.
Do Your Christmas Shopping Early.
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Do Your Christmas Shopping Early.

POLLY GIVES GOOD ADVICE



DO YOUR CHRISTMAS SHOPPING EARLY AND BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS AND WEDDING GIFTS FROM

J. W. ESSON
THE QUALITY JEWELLER
GRIVIN BLOCK
STRATHMORE
REPAIRS of every Description
promptly executed on the premises.

USEFUL CHRISTMAS GIFTS

Suitcases Saddles Fur Robes
Trunks Riding Brides Foot Warmers
Club Bags Spurs Chappis, Etc.

THOS. H. EVES

AGENT FOR DE LAVAL SEPARATORS AND ONTARIO LAUNDRY

ELECTION!

Never Mind, but follow the crowd to C. W. Chase's where everyone gets a Clearance Price the year around. My Prices move the goods—get wise

C. W. CHASE

Third Street

Keema Municipal Election

Mr. D. P. Pomeroy, secretary of the committee of the first Municipality of Keema, held on the following day an official report of the results of the election held there on Monday. There were eight candidates for six places. The results were as follows—

A. McLEAK, JR.	35
W. A. SMITH	30
C. F. LOHMEYER	31
C. THOMPSON	31
G. W. HENNINGSON	21
M. H. HENSON	22
H. KRUSE	18
W. E. MEICHER	6

Farmer's House Burns

On Thursday morning the home of Mr. John A. McKenzie, a farmer living about seven miles north of Strathmore, was totally destroyed by fire. Mr. McKenzie, his daughter and nephew who were on the farm were not injured, but nearly all the furniture and effects were totally destroyed. The fire is said to have started from an overheated stove. Much sympathy is felt with Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie in their loss. Mr. McKenzie is at present visiting his sister in Colorado, and will probably not hear of the fire for several days.

Mr. J. T. Worthington, Lake-side farm, was down in Macleod district last week with Mr. Stevens, Live stock Commissioner for the Provincial Department of Agriculture, giving demonstrations on killing and dressing hogs, poultry, etc. There were large attendances at the four demonstrations given, and the farmers showed great interest in the lectures.

An Oddfellows Lodge is being started at Nakama.

A son was born to Mr and Mrs F. O. Bozart on Sunday.

Try the high-class wines, liquors, and cigars, at the Maple Leaf Hotel, combined with the prompt service they are unequalled.

LOCAL JOTTINGS

Wishing All Our Readers a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year

The annual Xmas tree and concert will be held at Nightingale on Monday, December 22nd when a present will be given for Santa Claus to every child in the district. A concert and dance will follow to which it is hoped everyone will come.

On Wednesday a local farmer was brought before a J.P. Court at the Mounted Police Barracks on a charge of having kept three stray cattle on his farm without notifying the police or the brand reader, or advertising the animals. It was stated in the evidence that he had been milking one of the cows. The fine imposed, with costs, amounted to \$27. Pulp should be very careful to observe the provisions of the Estray Act, lest if any stray cattle happen to come on their premises.

A Chieftain was indicted in \$25 here for not having given a check for \$5 to a local restaurateur, drawn on the Union Bank at Langdon, he having no funds to his credit there. Constable Hutchings prosecuted.

Constable Hutchings, the new R.N.W.M.P. constable here, has already proved himself a very capable officer. During the few weeks he has been here he has had 18 cases of various kinds.

If the weather continues as fine as it has been for another week, we will have a green Christmas.

The Methodist Sunday School Christmas Tree social will be held in the Church on Monday, December 22.

The Presbyterian Sunday School Christmas Tree and social will be held on Tuesday, December 23, at 8 p.m. Everyone is invited to attend.

From the foregoing it will be seen that the kiddies are going to have their usual good time this Christmas, and the churches extend the invitation to all adults to come in and participate.

The wedding will take place on Wednesday 24th inst. of Miss Anna Grant, niece of Mr and Mrs A. Gray, to Mr H. D. Fessenden. A wedding reception will be held in the evening at the home Mr and Mrs Gray. Ron and his bride-to-be have many friends in town, and they will all unite in giving them a good send-off.

Mr C. A. Nolan, owner of Fort Rault, was in town on Thursday, and spoke enthusiastically of the prospects in that district. The new C. N. R. siding near his place, Redlands, shipped, he stated, 30 carloads of grain this fall, as against 15 for the other siding two miles away known as Rosebud. Mr Nolan states that a company is contemplating the erection of a factory for the manufacture of paper from straw.

Radium Sparks Illumine Police Court

The radium emanations which proceeded from Professor Patty's experiment in the Opera House last Friday evening seem to have stimulated a considerable amount of activity in the courtroom, among the members of the Town Council, and now the promoter of the lecture, or performance, or whatever the legal interpretation of the show is. Owing to various causes, principally the late arrival of the lecturer, who missed his train, and perhaps of the local people's sense of humour for the week having been in many cases vented up on the two Summers County plays of the week, the lecture demonstration was not a financial success.

At Tuesday's Council meeting a letter was read from Mr Tucker stating that the lecture was of purely an educational nature, and needed in a drastic, and as in the case of a profit that would have been turned over to the school library fund, he would ask that the amount of \$5.00 be dispensed while in the discussion following some of the members present were the matter in that light, and decided that the \$5 would be collected.

The consequence was that Mr Tucker refused to pay the \$5 at all and was summoned for breach of the bylaw at a J.P. Court on Thursday for non-payment of Justice Lambers and Victory. Mr Tucker stated to the Magistrate that his reason for not paying the license was that his son was not a performance at all, but a strictly educational lecture.

The bylaw, he contended only referred to dramatic and musical performances, circuses, and so forth. He did not intend that there should be any private profit made on the lecture, any sum realized for the expenses to go to charity. He went on to protest that other shows had been held in town, without any fee being paid, and that the bylaw had been striven several times without any prosecution being brought for its breach. He proceeded to give instances, and Justice Victory said that this was no place to make professions that they should be made to the Council. Mr Tucker stated that he wanted to make the matter public, and was informed that he would need to try some other means of doing so.

After deliberating for some time, the Justices stated they found that his lecture came within the bylaw, and they would impose a fine of \$10 and costs. Mr Tucker gave notice of appeal, so that the validity of the bylaw will be tested in a higher court.

The manager, chef, and all employees are white at the Maple Leaf Hotel.

Strathmore Town Council held their final meeting for 1913 on Tuesday evening, but were obliged to hold over account of it till next issue.

Ladies stopping at the Maple Leaf Hotel will get all the courtesies possible shown them.

On Friday night last, an entertainment was given at the Harwood School by the scholars. The programme which consisted of songs, dialogues etc, was highly appreciated by the parents and visitors. It is the first time this kind of thing has been attempted, and the children took their parts in a very efficient manner. Great praise is due to them and to Miss Macdonald (the teacher) for their careful training.

Yes they do give you a 75c meal for 35c put up by a first class white chef, at the Maple Leaf Hotel.

WHY BE COLD

When you drive to town? Clarke's Carriage Heater \$2.25 to \$3.50. Clarke's Coal \$1.00 dozen

FURNITURE

Is very complete. Call and see our line of Easy Chairs, Parlor Tables, Beds, etc.



The Rexall Store

XMAS GIFTS at the Rexall Store

GIFTS FOR LADIES

Comb and Brush Sets, Manicure Sets, Sewing Sets, Bracelets, Bracelet Watches, Locket and Chains, Cut Glass, Hand Painted China, Silverware, Leather Cushion Covers, Handbags, Kodaks, Etc., Etc.

GIFTS FOR GENTLEMEN

Smoking Sets, Cased Pipes, Tobacco Pouches, Cigars, Pipe Racks, Fountain Pens, Safety Razors, Embellished Rings and Lockets, Cuff Links, Watch Boxes, Etc., Etc.

GIFTS FOR CHILDREN

Toys, Books, Dolls, Girls and Boys' Own Annual, Children's Rings, Neckties, Etc.

XMAS PERFUMES in fancy boxes, all the latest Odors

NEILSON'S CHOCOLATES in Gift Boxes

STATIONERY. Paper and Envelopes, a beautiful line, in fancy boxes

A. W. MILLER

DRUGGIST, STATIONER AND JEWELER

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

The King Edward Hotel

STRATHMORE, ALTA.

:: THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE ::

Rates \$2.00 and \$2.50 per day
AMERICAN PLAN

HORSES HORSES HORSES WANTED

40 Head of well-broke Mares or Geldings weighing from 1100 to 1400 lbs. broken, from 3 to 8 years old

We will pay CASH at fair market prices, but do not expect "fancy" prices

We are also in the market for all kinds of Cattle

APPLY

LAYZELL & DURN, AUCTIONEERS

333 Centre St., Calgary, Alta.

THE WINDOW AT THE WHITE CAT

By Mary Roberts Rinehart

(Copyright)

Hansom! Miss Letitia stepped out. "Knox, my father made his money by working hard for it. I haven't wanted that kind of money. And if Jane Maitland was foot enough to be admitted she'd stay white before I pay anything for her. It looks to me as if this detective business was going to be expensive enough."

My ears were dwelling with such attention to detail on the preliminary story, the disappearance of Miss Letitia Maitland and the peculiar circumstances surrounding it, will have that followed it. Miss Jane herself and the solution of that mystery solved the even more tragic one.

There was about to be invited. I saw because it was borne in on me at about that time that the white cat concerned Mary Fleming was much more than a household pet. I would it to be or otherwise.

At a window that night, the man Hunter had said to investigate the neighborhood and find out what was the cause of the town came to the house stood and waited. I saw him.

"You're called me by telephone last night. You take the 5.30 up?" he asked.

"Yes, I think so. I have nothing to do."

"I'll get you. That may be. Take a cab at the station. I'll come to the corner of Mulberry street and Park lane. You'll be there."

I went out to the car, and he was waiting for me.

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Kumlor Rubber Shoes

At a sale in the fence beyond the warehouse Hunter asked me to go to an ordinary window at the end of it and with a thumb nail, he said, stretched a long, narrow, brick paved alleyway, perhaps three feet wide and lined by the masonry of a house of a light shade. Hunter went on regarding of puddles in the brick paving and I stumbled after him. As we advanced I could see that the light was a single electric bulb, hanging over a second gate. While Hunter fumbled for a key in his pocket I had time to see that the gate had a lock which was provided with a small electric button and had a letter slot cut in it.

All Dealers

At a window that night, the man Hunter had said to investigate the neighborhood and find out what was the cause of the town came to the house stood and waited. I saw him.

Winchester

Over four hundred and fifty thousand sportsmen use and endorse Winchester repeating shotguns. The U. S. Ordnance Department has selected Winchester's guns for use in the army and navy.

USE ONLY ZAM-BUK

FOR CHILDREN'S SKIN

Winchester

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The WHITE & CO.'S GOING OUT OF BUSINESS SALE

SOME LINES ARE SOLD COMPLETELY OUT and cannot be duplicated, but there is still a large quantity of merchandise to be disposed of, and every dollar's worth must be sold
This list means money saving to you. Take advantage of it now.

Ladies \$75 Fur Coats for **\$50.00**
Ladies \$20 Cloth Coats for **\$10**
Misses \$10 Coats for **\$5**
Misses \$7.50 do **\$4.75**
\$6 Top Skirts **\$3.95**
5 " **\$2.95**
\$2.50 and \$3 do **\$1.45**
\$1.50 Underskirts **95c**
Men's \$1.25 and \$1.50 Underwear for **87c**
Men's \$1 Underwear for **75c**
Men's 75c do for **39c**
Top Skirts and Sweaters at wholesale prices

35 pairs of Trousers at 33 1/2 per cent off
15 only Men's Suits at half price
18 Boys' Suits at half price
Boys' Knickers 33 1/2 per cent off
All Mitts and Gloves at wholesale
25 Comforters at one half price
20 pairs of Blankets at cost or less
Oil and Linoleums at wholesale

Foulard's worth up to 35c for **15c**
Carpets—Rugs at cost prices
See these, it pays
Best Spools **40c** doz
Crochet Cotton **40c** doz
Ladies' and children's Shoes and Overshoes at cost prices
The entire stock must be cleared. No reserve. Stock up. The prices we offer are better than most stores buy at

Pure Sugar **\$5.50** cwt
Best Jelly Powder **5c** pkg
Best Flour **\$2.55** cwt
Western Queen **\$2.35** cwt
\$300 worth of Dishes at wholesale prices
Lard, Ham and Bacon at wholesale
Clover Leaf Salmon **2c** doz
25c Baking Powder for **10c**
5 lb tin Baking Powder **69c**
Best Pure Flavoring 3 for **25c**
Do Spices 3 for **25c**

Finest Cheese **19c**
Fines Oranges **35c** doz
Jap do **69c** box
Fresh Eggs **45c** doz
Canned Milk, Corn, Peas, Beans, Tomatoes **10c**
3lb tin Black Tea **85c**
All Olives 1/2 off
Pickles wholesale
Syrup \$1.40 tin for **\$1.25**
75c tin do for **62 1/2c**
95c Jams for **75c**
2c boxes Figs for **\$1.25**
Kaisins 3 for **25c**
Finest Currants, 2 for **25c**

Finest Mixed Nuts **20c** lb
Cranberries **14c** lb
Finest Grapes **15c** lb
Canned Fruit 25c size for **17 1/2c** 2.00 per doz
Men's and Boys' Shoes, Overshoes and Rubbers at cost prices
All Hats at half
The entire stock must be cleared. No reserve. Stock up. The prices we offer are better than most stores buy at.

WHITE & MAY CO., LIMITED

U. F. A. Meeting

There was a big attendance at last Saturday's meeting of the U. F. A. held in the Town Hall. Mr. Henry Sorenson presided.

The Union took up the case of A. J. Campbell who had some trouble with the Cockerhatch Implement Co. in regard to a note on a plow he had bought from Mr. H. A. Michelson, the Company's former agent here. The explanation given the Union was that Campbell signed three notes, but afterwards discovered that the plow was not up to the standard it was represented to be, and it was agreed between him and Michelson that on payment of the second note he would be relieved of the necessity of making any further payments. The undertaking was put on the note when payment was made. Notwithstanding this the Cockerhatch Co. are pressing for payment of the third note. The case was referred to the General Secretary.

CLEANING OF ELEVATORS.
Mr. Buckfield moved that the resolution before the Union regarding the cleaning of elevators read "The right authorities," instead of "Government authorities," and that the general secretary be instructed to write to the proper authorities to see that all elevators in Alberta be equipped with proper cleaning devices. This was carried unanimously.

GRAIN YIELD DISPUTE.
At last meeting of the Union a communication was sent in questioning the accuracy of some yields that had been reported to the district this fall, and as a consequence the Union appointed a committee to examine the fields of Messrs. Worthington and Petter, the accuracy of the yields obtained on them was disputed. The committee reported to Saturday's meeting that they had carefully measured off the district and compared them. They found that Mr. Petter's was a very irregularly shaped piece of land, and that it was necessary to take nine measurements to arrive at a close figure, but they finally determined that it was fourteen acres, instead of ten as claimed. Mr. Petter stated that he had not measured the field but had guessed at it, but that the figure he had arrived at were taken from his own information, and that it was by mistake they were published. He had not advertised his grain as giving the yield stated.

With regard to Mr. Worthington's field, the committee found correct, 34 bushels per acre, and that they could not get the exact figures for the other, but in this case also Mr. Worthington's figures were probably correct.

Mr. Worthington stated he was glad to see that his figures had been proved correct, and he had nothing but contempt for a man who would make statements to the Union claiming him to be a liar after the same man had estimated the crop himself for bushels per acre.

SOME EXCITEMENT FOR THE CONVENTION

Mr. W. G. May moved, and Mr. E. M. Sly seconded the following resolution: "Whereas the Board of Directors of the U. F. A. were instructed at the last Convention to more especially see to it that the Elevator Act was on a Co-Operative plan; and whereas the scheme that was put through by a majority vote of the directors is not co-operative but a joint stock company and whereas the object of the U. F. A. is to oppose corporations, trusts and monopolies; and whereas a majority of the directors have broken faith with the last Convention by forming a joint stock company instead of a purely Co-Operative Association; be it thereby resolved that the U. F. A. as a body have nothing in common with the Alberta Co-Operative Elevator Company Limited, under its present charter, and that we condemn the action of the majority of the directors and the executive." The resolution was carried unanimously.

This resolution will be submitted to the annual Convention of the U. F. A. at Lethbridge, January. The President stated that it would make a big row at Lethbridge, and that the whole principle of the U. F. A. was involved in it.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY.
After considerable discussion the Union agreed to turn over the Riverside Lumber Co. yard to the new-forged Co-Operative Society, and also to hand over to them the management of the auction sales for January 1st.

NEXT MEETING

The next meeting of the Strathmore U. F. A. will be held

in the Town Hall on Saturday December 27th. At this meeting officers for 1914 will be elected, and delegates selected for the convention in January. It is important that there should be a full attendance.

Radium Lecture

A very interesting lecture was given in the Opera House on Friday evening by professor Wm. B. Patty, his subject being "Radium, Wireless Telegraphy, and Liquid Air."

There was not a large audience, this being partly caused by the failure of the lecturer to make train connections, and the report spread that the lecture would be postponed on account of this. However, he was taken down from Calgary by auto, and arrived at the hall at half-past nine.

Professor Patty first conducted some very interesting experiments in wireless telegraphy, and conducted the wireless to different parts of the hall, ringing bells, driving a small windmill, etc. Afterward he conducted some experiments with liquid air at a temperature of 374 degrees below zero, boiling kettles on ice, and freezing flowers and fruit instantaneously by dipping them into the fluid.

He afterwards gave some experiments with radium. Mr. Patty made his experiments very interesting by the fluent way in which he described them, and showed the principles governing them in a manner that rendered it intelligible to the lay mind.

Reception to Rev. A. Boyd

On Monday evening the members of Strathmore Presbyterian Church held a reception at the home of the Church in honor of Rev. A. Boyd, the new pastor. There was a good attendance.

Rev. A. Rennie, Calgary, former pastor of the congregation, and now of Calgary, was present and acted as chairman. He gave a short address, complimenting Mr. Boyd, and bespeaking for him the hearty support of the congregation.

Messrs. Dr. Givins and John Macdonald welcomed the new pastor on

behalf of the session and board of managers, assuring him the hearty support of the congregation, and of their best wishes for a long and successful ministry, and Mr. J. McNeil read an address of welcome to Mr. Boyd from the Sunday School.

Mr. Boyd, in responding, thanked the congregation for their good wishes, and said he would do his best for the church and for God's Kingdom during the period of his ministry.

The formal proceedings over, a short time was spent in social intercourse, light refreshments being served by a committee of the Ladies Aid.

Local Grain Prices

Western Grain Dealers Association. Grain prices at Strathmore.			
DECEMBER 19, 1913			
Wheat—No. 1 Northern	52	1/2	02
" " " "	52	1/2	02
" " " "	52	1/2	02
Alberta Red—No. 1	49	1/2	02
" " " "	49	1/2	02
Flax—No. 1 Canada West	50	1/2	02
" " " "	50	1/2	02
Oats—No. 1 CW	29	1/2	02
Extra 1 Feed	29	1/2	02
No. 1 Feed	29	1/2	02
Feed and Rej.	29	1/2	02
Barley—Malting	29	1/2	02
No. 1	29	1/2	02
No. 2	29	1/2	02

Prices supplied by F. R. LILLY
Alberta Pacific Elevator Co.

Weather Report

DEC. 11 TO DEC. 15, INCLUSIVE			
	Min.	Max.	Precipi- tation.
Friday	21.7	42.8	0.0
Saturday	21.7	42.8	0.0
Sunday	20.7	42.8	0.0
Monday	18.7	42.8	0.0
Tuesday	18.7	42.8	0.0
Wednesday	18.7	42.8	0.0

Headings taken at 8 a.m.

Reports supplied by Mr. C. A. Nick-

You should see the menu of the Maple Leaf Hotel for Christmas Day. It will make your mouth water.

SALE OF PRODUCTS OF MIXED FARMING

Where the City Comes in on the Question of a Wider Market For This Produce

The diversified products of mixed farming, such as dairy supplies, poultry, eggs, vegetables, etc., are perishable to a much greater extent than the products of grain farming. The question naturally arises, therefore, where will the products of the mixed farm be sold? The market must be near at hand to get the best results, as many of the products of the diversified farmer cannot be shipped to advantage over long distances. The Saskatchewan Farmer calls attention to the market problem in its August issue. It emphasizes the fact that production must not be allowed to get too far ahead of marketing facilities. To quote the Saskatchewan farmer: "Forty farmers made, tributary to a village with a population of 500 cannot find a home market for all the butter, eggs, potatoes, and vegetables that they could readily produce. If 40 per cent of the farmers in Saskatchewan engaged in mixed farming they would soon find this village of every city, town and village in Saskatchewan. It is quite evident that the tide of mixed farming is rising. Not only are many farmers producing for sale other products than grain, but a larger number are now supplying their own needs in the way of butter, eggs, meat and vegetables. Those who are doing so are very materially reducing the cost of the farm. The question is: Are we preparing for a full tide of production of mixed farming products?"

The development of manufacturing centres throughout the Prairie Provinces will prove to be the best market for the products of the mixed farm. It is well that attention is being directed to marketing facilities early in the development of mixed farming. Efforts should be made to have the products of the farm reach the consumer in the most direct way possible. It is the opinion of the writer that the farmer should be the slogan of the mixed farmer and his urban customer.

Produce grown in the West will be more sold than ever before in the next years under the present trade policy, and it is altogether likely that the best of workmen, who will be required to man the new industries, along with their wives and families, will consume

all the food supplies the Western farmer can raise.

PROTECTIVE DUTY NOT STEEL BOUNTY

A Wise Policy for the West is to Strive to Become Great in Manufacturing

Discussing the convention of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association at Halifax, the Toronto Star quotes the Halifax Herald as follows: "One of the resolutions required, according to the views of the president of the association, is the woolsen schedules. As there very properly is no agricultural country, such as this, there should be a great woolen industry, providing a home market for a great wool-raising industry. That we have not such a great wool-raising industry is well known, and it is scarcely likely that we ever will have, unless the tariff is so restructured as to stimulate and build up a great woolen industry providing a profitable home market for wool. The other schedule that President Courtney mentioned as needing re-adjustment was that covering the basic industries of iron and steel. This view, we believe, meet with general approval. The bounty system served a useful purpose for a time, but that is of the past and should not, we think, be revived. We never could feel quite in favor of a bounty system instead of a protective tariff. But an adequate protective tariff our iron and steel industry certainly should have. As it is at present, there are lines of iron and steel manufacturers which have no protection whatever against the producers of the United States. Too much concession to any free trade clamor that may be in the West should not be made. If the West is wise it will strive to become a manufacturing country at the earliest possible date, and to that vital importance and the maintenance of the National Policy of moderate protection is as essential for the West as for the East."

It is sometimes represented that the people of the Maritimes Province are in a favor of lower tariff and ultimate free trade. Apparently there are still some of that opinion, and presumably some of their readers, who realize the advantages that the West can derive from the West through encouragement by a reasonable trade policy for manufacturing industries.

CANADIAN PACIFIC ROUND TRIP EXCURSIONS

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Tickets on Sale by Canadian Pacific Agents, January 3, 4, 5, 1914

For Special Train leaving Spokane, Wash., Jan. 6

First return limit, April 30, 1914

For Special Train leaving Spokane, Wash., Jan. 13

First return limit, April 30, 1914

Fare from Strathmore to Los Angeles and Return

Going and Returning via Spokane

\$123.80

Using via Spokane. Returning via Seattle

\$129.25

Stops will be made at Portland, San Francisco, San Jose, Santa Cruz, Del Monte, Fresno, Hollister, Santa Barbara, Riverside and Redlands

Fare on going trip from Spokane includes berth and meals on train or at hotel, and a number of sightseeing trips. Return is by regular service, meals and berth not included. For descriptive pamphlet apply.

R. Dawson,
District Passenger Agent,
Calgary, Alta.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS

FARE AND ONE THIRD FOR THE ROUND TRIP

Between all stations in Western Canada.

Going Dates Dec. 20, 1913 to Jan. 1, 1914

Final return limit Jan. 5, 1914

For further particulars apply to nearest agent, or R. Dawson, District Passenger Agent, Calgary, Alta.

HANS THE COBBLER

The German Tailor Tells How to Get Business.

BARGAIN SALE SIGN OUT.

Unfortunately Plain Leads to Consequences Entirely Unforeseen by the Trustful Hans—Cement Patching at Half Price Proves Him Upright.

By M. QUAD.

Copyright, 1914, by American Literary Digest.

"I was told to tell the shoemaker that he did it."

"He was in America a good many years, and he thinks he knows it all."

"I don't happen to have some work, and I let on my best thinking I was going to get some business, then I did."

"He thought I was after a minute."

"Didn't I tell you no view you first from Germany?"

"But I wasn't done yet."

"I quite may be, but I was sure."

"He said it would be, and you was."

"And I was sure."

"He said it would be, and you was."

"And I was sure."

"He said it would be, and you was."

"And I was sure."

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"And I was sure."

MARRIAGE: BY FORCE.

Greenland Yawl's Have a Rough Way of Showing Their Love.

The courtship and marriage customs among the Greenlanders are very different from those of the white man.

A Greenland youth is not allowed to marry until he has been through a long and arduous journey.

He must first prove his strength and courage by undertaking a perilous expedition.

Only when he has returned safely and with honors can he be considered a man.

Then, and only then, is he permitted to seek a wife.

The girl's family must also be satisfied with the youth's achievements.

Only when all conditions are met can the marriage be solemnized.

The ceremony is a simple one, but it is full of meaning.

It is a testament to the youth's bravery and the family's approval.

The marriage is thus a union of two strong and brave people.

It is a union that is built on a foundation of respect and honor.

The Greenlanders' way of life is a testament to their strength and courage.

It is a way of life that is full of meaning and purpose.

The Greenlanders' marriage customs are a testament to their strength and courage.

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WATER FED THE FLAMES.

Helpless Fight Against a Peculiar Fire.

When the freighter *Harley*, started on her way to London, she carried a number of small wooden cases containing "mastic" adobe.

The cargo was damaged by the fire, and the cases were broken open.

The fire was caused by a leak in the hull, and the water fed the flames.

The fire was extinguished by the crew, but the damage was done.

The cases were broken open, and the mastic adobe was exposed.

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EVERYTHING WAS CHEAP.

Just Imagining Buying a Whole Sheep For 10 Cents.

A countryman living just beyond the city of London, had a sheep which he wanted to sell for a very low price.

The sheep was a good one, but the countryman was in a hurry to get rid of it.

He went to the market and found that the sheep was not wanted.

He then went to the city and found that the sheep was not wanted.

He then went to the country and found that the sheep was not wanted.

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GIFTS for XMAS

WATCHES

The Largest, most Up-to-date, and most Moderate Priced Stock ever shown in Strathmore



By careful attention to business, First-class Goods and Moderate Prices, I have earned the reputation of "The Quality Jeweller of Strathmore." In buying jewelry one wants to get a reliable guarantee with every article bought.

The appearance of the goods is one thing but one has to rely on the word of the jeweller as to quality and durability. Never before have the residents of the Strathmore district had placed before them such an up-to-date stock.

J. W. LESSON

The "Quality" Jeweller, Girvin Block, Strathmore

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Watches from \$1 to \$50

Clocks from 75c to \$35

Large Selection of

Chain Rings

Necklaces

Chains

Fobs

Lockets

Signet Rings

Emblem Charms

Emblem Locketts

Emblem Rings

Birthday Rings

Baby Rings

Silver Rattles

Souvenir Spoons

Mess Bags

Cut Glass

Thermometers

Barometers

Brass Goods

Etc., Etc.

All Kinds of Watch.

Clo. K. Jewelry and

Optical Repairs

Intending purchasers of Jewelry will do well to consider that "Quality First" is our motto. A reliable guarantee with every article bought



Advertising Strathmore

The following article descriptive of Strathmore appeared in a recent issue of the Manitoba Free Press. There are also shown a number of illustrations showing the C. P. R. Irrigation Headquarters, one of the school buildings, and several general views of the town which should make good publicity material.

The article is as follows: About 5 years ago, at a point situated some 35 miles east of Calgary, and on the Canadian Pacific railway's main line, a little community of about 100 people then formed the nucleus of what has since become a good-sized agricultural town. Today this town, which is known as Strathmore, has steadily gone on growing and now boasts a population of 850 people, a large number of stores and businesses, including two banks—the Canadian Bank of Commerce and the Union Bank of Canada.

It was incorporated in August, 1911. Among its varied municipal improvements are five miles of graded streets and three miles of plank sidewalks. There is a good-sized fire hall replete with two chemical engines, water tank and other fire-fighting apparatus, operated by a well-organized fire brigade who give their services voluntarily.

Strathmore is well supplied with telephones, there being in operation 68 town and 40 rural phones. Altogether \$45,000 was expended on municipal improvements last year. One of the chief items that the town has on this year's programme of improvements is the local park upon the sum of \$3,000 will be expended during 1914. When completed this line will give Strathmore one of the finest small parks along this line. Being located within the area where natural gas is known to exist, the town will be able to use this beneficial natural resource, a franchise having already been granted.

COMMERCIAL GROWTH Strathmore's commercial atmosphere is well reflected by the several business places in this prosperous agricultural community. There are also two hotels, a doctor, two real estate agents, and a good local weekly—"Strathmore and Bow Valley Standard."

As an agricultural region it is excellent for mixed farming operations. It contains a deep, sandy, loamy soil and a good clay subsoil, are capable of producing a wide range of various kinds of cereals, raised an-

usually. Being a good alfalfa country, all kinds of grasses grow well in this locality. That large crops of cereals are raised is well proved by last year's returns; there being marketed 150,000 bushels of wheat, 25,000 bushels of oats, 100,000 bushels of barley, and 25,000 bushels of flax. The fertility is shown by the yields per acre of the foregoing crops, which averaged 25 bushels for wheat, 80 bushels for oats and 40 for barley. There are three grain elevators with a total storage capacity of 60,000 bushels. Being a good mixed farming district large numbers of cattle are raised here and that it is proving a profitable industry is shown by the excellent returns obtained during last season. Statistics show that 2,500 head of cattle, 500 head of sheep and 8,000 hogs were marketed at this district.

STOCK RAISING TRIVEL There is a good class of settlers located in this district, principally being Canadians, English American and Dutch. Good land is obtainable at prices varying from \$30 to \$50.

Quite an important feature of Strathmore is the Canadian Pacific's demonstration and supply farm. Poultry raising along practical scientific lines is being pursued here with great success, and the plan thoroughly illustrates what can be done in this business under proper methods. As a further stimulus to the industry more desirable strains of the most suitable breeds are being introduced. The poultry organizations and egg circles which have been formed are proving very successful, as the farmers eggs are being handled in a much superior manner, and to his greater financial advantage.

The poultry plant comprises a large colony house system, a large feeding and fattening shed, and incubators. The colony houses are of ample dimensions, capacious and ventilated, and the chickens thrive well in them, both during the summer and winter months.

RESULTS ARE GOOD

Good results are being obtained at the demonstration farm, and farmers in the locality are now going in for poultry raising quite extensively.

SCHOOLS AND CHURCHES The religious aspect of Strathmore is shown by its four churches: Anglican, Methodist, Presbyterian and Roman Catholic. Two schools which were erected during 1908 and 1912 respectively, at a cost of \$15,000, are capable of accommodating 150 pupils. At the

present time there is an average daily attendance of 30 scholars, whose training is in the capable hands of three qualified teachers.

There are three fraternal orders: Masonic, Loyal Order, and Independent Order of Odd Fellows, a town brass band and orchestra, skating rink, opera house and football, baseball, hockey, tennis and bowling clubs.

Although Strathmore possesses most business lines there are openings for a dentist, lawyer and a flour mill.

There is a good class of settlers located in this district, principally being Canadians, English American and Dutch. Good land is obtainable at prices varying from \$30 to \$50.

SNEER AT MANUFACTURER

The recent convention of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association at Halifax seems to have prompted many unwarranted attacks on Canadian manufacturers in certain quarters. This causes the Calgary Standard to administer the following well merited rebuke in its editorial columns recently:

It is the fashion in some circles to sneer at the Canadian Manufacturers' Association and the class of people whom it represents. But we observe that most communities are glad to hear of the establishment of factories or workshops in their neighborhoods. For example, there is a general feeling in this community that Calgary would be greatly benefited by the addition of a number of progressive industries employing many hands. The general opinion appears to be that the men who would build large workshops here, operate them vigorously and profitably, would be useful members of the community.

There is no disposition to exaggerate the class of investor as the enemies of the farmer or of the consumer or of the laborer. This hostility to the manufacturer is the general attitude of the people in other Canadian cities and towns who make it their motto: "The manufacturer is the enemy of the farmer." Thus it happens that when at election time an attempt is made to sell other interests against the manufacturer the movement usually fails.

The plain people know that it is not a genuine cause, and that those who make it are either careless bunglers, or men who do not understand what they are doing."

FACTORY EXTENSION IN WESTERN CANADA

A Winnipeg Paper States That the Time Has Come to End the East in Manufactures

The Toronto Star recently quoted a Winnipeg paper on the subject of manufacturing development in the West as follows:

Winnipeg, Sept. 27.—"We have no sympathy with the view that there is inherent antagonism in the West against manufacturers as a class. Men with political purposes to serve are careful to foster such a spirit. It should not, as a fact, be a matter of politics at all. There are sound economic reasons why manufacturers who have, perhaps, not unreasonably up to now, centred their activities almost exclusively in the East, should now begin to turn their attention, with more seriousness, to the needs of the West. The West has ceased to be a great grain field only. High cities have sprung up on the plains, the development of natural resources has been proceeding apace, our agricultural population has grown amazingly in recent years. These cities and towns of the West need manufacturing to round out their civilization. The basis of every community is rightly acknowledged to be agriculture, but no centre can achieve its true greatness if it is to remain entirely dependent upon agriculture. There was a time in the West when population was sparse, raw material not easily obtainable, and labor difficult to procure. Manufacturers were then reasonably justified in refraining from settling upon costly ventures. But that day has passed. Every year sees the manufacturers' Western market increasing."

In this connection the Canadian Courier in an editorial article commends with approval the local move by Eastern Canadian firms of branch factories in the West. "Strangely enough," says the Courier, "nearly all the manufacturing industries in Western Canada have come from Eastern Canada, not from the United States. When an American firm establishes a Canadian branch factory, it is placed in the East; and in the West. The American wants to be in the big centres of population. He is not looking far ahead as the Canadian manufacturer, preferring immediate returns. All the flour milling comes from Western Canada is founded by

Eastern capitalists, with a big mill in Moose Jaw as a notable exception. The same is true of the cement mills, most of which are now controlled by the Canada Cement Company. The Diamond Pilot Glass Company, at Red Cliffe; the Dominion Hinge Company, at Winnipeg; the Quaker Oats Mill, at Saskatoon; the Cope Stone Works, and the Berlin Baking Company, at Fort William—all these and many others may be mentioned.

"The situation is pleasant. It spells unity of feeling and unity of interests between the West and the East. It bespeaks a development in industry of a national character. What the three transcontinental railways and the national banks have done to unite East and West will be completed by our progressive and patriotic manufacturers."

It has suited some people to represent Eastern manufacturers as competing against those in the West, and striving to bottle the development of their Western rivals. As the foregoing articles indicate this is far from the truth. Many of the best Canadian firms will eventually take the west with branch plants as long as the present reasonable protection against free imports from the United States is maintained.

GROWTH IN SOURIS

According to the census of manufactures for Canada, 1911, which has been issued from Ottawa, Souris has three manufacturing establishments. Their forty-two employees earned approximately \$50,000, or an average of \$114 per year for each employee. This is a very high average and shows that the workmen in Souris is well paid.

The three employees of Souris with \$220,000 of capital were able to produce products to the value of \$124,000. Not only this money circulates in Souris as the point of shipment of these products, but the \$200,000 of the three employees of Souris circulates over through the purchases of the workmen over the counters of Souris merchants. It is the hum of industry that accounts in great measure for the growth of this fine prairie town. In the next ten years if Canada's present trade policy continues in force it is safe to predict that Souris' manufacturing industry will have doubled in number, wages paid and output.

Get Your Canadian Home from the Canadian Pacific

Wonderfully fertile land is offered for sale by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, at prices ranging from \$11 to \$30 per acre. There is no better agricultural land than this virgin Canadian soil. It is unsurpassed for all forms of agriculture, including grain growing, stock raising, dairying, poultry culture, vegetable growing, and general mixed farming. The lands are convenient to railways and markets, and are located in a country of low taxation and delightful climate.

TWENTY YEARS TO GO

Under the Company's new policy no land is sold to speculators, but only to those who will occupy and improve it. The terms of sale are now most-advantageous each acre of the land spread over twenty years with interest at six per cent. per annum.

ASSISTANCE TO FARMERS

Under certain conditions the Company will advance a loan of \$500 to new settlers to be used in erecting a house and barn, fencing the land and sinking a well. This loan is repayable on the same terms as the purchase price. For illustrated literature, maps and full particulars, apply to

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

CALGARY, ALBERTA

THERE'S GLADNESS IN REMEMBRANCE

That is if you remember eating at the

Star Restaurant

(Opposite King Edward Hotel, Strathmore)

The only white eating outfit in the town

Our Motto: Always merry and bright

Look around and you will find eats to tickle the palate and satisfy the mind. Cheer up fellows you'll soon be dead. A short life and a gay one

Smokes of All Kinds

Special Dinner 30c

H. WILLIAMS, Prop.

FREE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY

GOOD VALUES

STRAITHMORE STANDARD GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

For One Year \$1.50

One Year for \$1.75

TO READERS OF THE STRATHMORE
STANDARD:

IMPORTANT NOTICE

At the request of many of our readers, who sometimes find difficulty in receiving their copy of the Standard during the week of publication, and also of advertisers, who find that midweek advertising is of more value than week-end advertising, we have decided to change the day of publication of the Standard from Saturday to Wednesday.

The change will come into effect with the first week of the New Year, when, instead of publishing on Saturday, January 3, we will publish on

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7

and Every Wednesday thereafter

The change should be of benefit to our readers. They will, as heretofore, receive a full account of the week's news of Strathmore and district, and will not be subjected to delays in obtaining their paper, which were caused by the big increase in our circulation during 1913, and the rush of extra post office work on Saturdays.

The subscription price will be the same, \$1 per year, and the Standard will be newsier and brighter than ever during the coming year. Remember, Wednesday will be the date in 1914

Changes of advertisements must be in not later than Monday noon, or publication in the next issue will not be guaranteed.

THE BEST CHRISTMAS GIFT FOR "HIM" Is Something to Wear

The Best Gift of all is a Fine Suit or Overcoat. Our big stock offers a comprehensive showing of all the newest and best to choose from, and you can surely find just the garment you want at the price you wish to pay.

A House Coat makes an excellent present. Every man likes one, but few men will buy one for themselves.

Bath Robes are mighty handy articles of wearing apparel



TIES OF ALL KINDS

Knitted and otherwise

Knitted Silk Ties with Xmas boxes 75c to \$1.50

Wide Silk Ties all shades in Poplins and Spitalfield Silks 50c to \$2

FINE HOSIERY FOR GIFTS

DENT'S GLOVES

Silk and Furlined in Xmas boxes

FUR GAUNTLETS and MOCHA

GAUNTLET MITTS

\$2.00 to 7.00

SILK HANDKERCHIEFS

initial'd, bordered or plain

Souvenir Silk Handkerchiefs all shades

Linen Handkerchiefs in Xmas boxes

Good Handkerchiefs always make a welcome gift singly or in half dozens

SLIPPERS FOR XMAS

We have them from ordinary felts up to the Fur Trimmed and Buckskins

We have the newest Folding Slippers, with silk bag to hold them while travelling

COMBINATION SETS

Box and Garters to match Garters and Armbands

Tie, Tie Pin, and Cap, all in neat box

Braces and Garters in fancy boxes

Box, Tie and Garters to match

Cuff Buttons and Stic Pin in Xmas boxes

MUFFLERS

Heavy Camel Hair and Wool Mufflers and Aviation Caps to match

Silk Knitted Mufflers a colors and all prices

Knitted Mufflers and Ties to match



GIVE HIM A HAT

Look in his old one, find out his size. If it does not please him he can exchange it after Xmas

Do not forget that made-to-measure Suit for the holidays

WRIGHT BROS.

The Gift Store for Men

Everything in Men's Wear

All kinds of Cleaning, Pressing, etc., in our own tailor shop

THE STRATHMORE AND BOW VALLEY SUNDAY

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

SINGLE COPY—5 CENTS.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, (TO CANADA AND BRITISH EMPIRE) — \$1.00

FOREIGN COUNTRIES 1.50

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

JOHN MACKENZIE

Legal Advertising, 15 cents a line for first insertion, and 8 cents a line for each subsequent insertion. 15 lines to the inch. Local, 10 cents a line. Local, Foreign, Admiralty, and War Advertisements, 30 words or under, 10 cents one insertion, or three insertions for \$1. Display advertisements, 40 per column inch per month, 50c per column inch per line issue. Changes of advertisement must reach this office not later than noon each Wednesday.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1913

The Spirit of Christmas Giving

(Contributed by Mrs. Ellen Way)

The whole of Christmas is built around the love of a mother for her child, and so Christmas play really brings us year by year, an assurance that God loves the world, and having its dawn and brightness in the face of a little child, it is consecrated our natural love for little children and sends us here and there on pleasant errands whose intention is to make the children happy. And such Christmas is a child's festival it should be observed with such rites as will make children happy. It is well and right that there should be gifts for the children, just as the Wise Men travelled over long roads from the East and brought gifts to the Christ Child. Some people think of Christmas as merely a day of "parting of presents and the beautiful season of gladness and song becomes a burden, and a serious drain upon the strength and pocket book as well. Others think of it as a season of social gathering

and merry making, and still others as a mere vacation from the every day routine and drudgery of office, factory or store. Christmas originated in a gift and giving something is a way in which we keep the festival, but however we do blunder as to the right gift to the right person. About once in a score of times, we do not give the right thing. Let us ask ourselves this question and consider it. Do the gifts I give make life easier, happier, better for those who receive them.

Do they carry a light with them that sends a glow all around the heart's dark places and makes sorrow for a little while impossible? If we do we then have the real spirit of Christmas giving.

A mother whose children were far away from home was showing to a friend the presents they had sent but she said "if they had only sent the money they had cost this I might have gone to see them how pleased I would have been." And just here is where most of our Christmas gifts fail, they reach the eye but never touch the heart; they please but do not satisfy.

It is hardly possible to believe that what we see and hear is not typical of the general condition. If we are satisfied we imagine every one else must be. We forget that there are thousands of little boys and girls all clad and hungry, facing the biting winds with shivering feet trying to earn a few pennies to buy bread for their Christmas feast, women alone and sick worn out but toiling on that they may not die of hunger, ragged homeless men crowded into the dirty places, for the vagrant, thinking in dull honor of the better Christmas in the days gone by, young girls driven into the streets by drunken parents at midnight.

We have made of Christmas a day of such merry making that we think of sad people as being out of place in the jubilation of the cheerful day, we think of them as out of touch with the day, and the day with them.

God does not wish us to be wretched because so many are, and to be miserable for their misery makes no real good to them. It is cruelly hard to be in physical pain on Christmas day. The loneliness of that day is lonelier than the loneliness of any other day. If we would only simplify Christmas by introducing a little more reason and restraint into our buying would we not of necessity have a little more

time to remember those in pain, poverty or loneliness, for Christmas does not mean joy every where. A smaller number of gifts and more love and care in their selection would help to keep us all in a true accord with the Christmas spirit, for the heart of the Christmas happiness and kindness and consideration for others.

Accordingly the thoughtful buyer he, or she, who buys few gifts, but buys them with love and care, lifts a bit of the heavy burden which falls at this time on the shoulders of the shop girls. Some of them hate Christmas, it is to them a season of noise and disorder of pushing and pulling and bad manners. The merchants have got a hold of Christmas, as the millions have got hold of Easter for their own commercial purposes; but there is no more real relation between the Christmas shopping and the Christmas spirit than there is between the Easter bonnet and the Easter service. To put our hand into our pockets and extract a bank note or a coin that is one thing. Some people buy grand pianos and diamond necklaces that way but to put your soul and heart into a gift, that makes it an expression of your love.

That is the real spirit of Christmas giving, if instead of stabbing Christmas to the heart with the electric flashlight hour cash for presents made or bought from a sense of duty, we would make it a children's day, what a warmer happier Christmas it would be, for us all. For we cannot buy in cold blood for a child, there is always a warming of the heart when we touch a drum, a sleigh or a doll around Christmas time, yet merely to buy and give is not enough. The gift without the giver is base. No child centred in selfishness could survive with undimmed light for 20 centuries, so the children should be taught that it is better to give than to receive, especially to those whose circumstances are less favored than theirs. It is true that the Christmas candles burn down and waste away and that the Christmas wreaths will fade away, and thus the emblems of our happiness are also symbols of the changing things of human life.

Christmas is a religious anniversary that is the heart of it. We can give something to brighten some one's life, it is not necessary for it to be made with hands or bought. It may be only cheerful words of encouragement or a smile, this then would be the true spirit of Christmas giving.

THE COST OF LIVING

The Fiscal Policy has Little Effect—High Prices Universal Today

It is frequently asserted in these days, when everybody is discussing the high cost of living, that the cost of living tariff policy accounts for a great part of the increase. Careful examination of the economic history of not only Canada and the United States, but also of European countries shows that era of high prices have preceded under low tariff and low prices under high tariff, as well as high prices under high tariff. Under certain conditions the tariff may be a factor in the cost of living, but as far as manufacturing products in Canada are concerned statistics do not support the contention that the products of tariff protected industries in Canada are increasing in price.

In 1875 one of Canada's pioneer carriage companies produced about 30 buggies, which they sold from \$100 to \$170 each. In 1911 their output was 12,000, and they were able to offer the farmer a buggy at \$85 that was vastly superior to the one they used to receive \$170 for. In 1875 the price of sugar was nine cents per pound retail. Today it is six or seven cents. Bidders in 1875 sold from \$275 to \$300, while today the farmer is able to get a better bidder in every respect and that will do the same work for \$125. Buggies that sold for \$100 in 1875 are retelling today at \$60 to \$65. In view of these facts and numerous other examples that could be quoted, it seems evident that the cost of living has not increased very much by reason of the increased cost of manufactured goods.

HOME MARKET NEGLECT

A Prominent Grain Grower Complains of Opportunities in Calgary Market

One of the leading officers of the United Farmers of Alberta in an open letter to his fellow-members, which appeared in the "Grain Grower's Guide" of October 1st, makes some very pointed criticisms of the methods of some of those who are offering produce for sale in the Calgary market. After dealing specifically with the mistakes and neglect that characterize the marketing of some of the produce, he offers the following sane and timely advice:

FOR

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

GO TO

We have the most Dainty Selection of Box Chocolates and Bon-Bons ever seen in Strathmore

They are too good to last. Get the right side of the girl now by giving us a call

MARTIN & EVANS They have GOODIES for the wee kiddies

Boys or Girls Big or Small For Paw or Maw

Bright and Cheery Christmas To You All

IS THE WISH OF

MARTIN & EVANS

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS

STRATHMORE AND BROOKS

ALBERTA

We have the finest Selection of Smokers Supplies suitable for a Xmas Gift to "Dear Old Dad" or "My Brother" or even "That (er-er) Sister or Cousin of Mine"

